The Sentinel-3 Topography Mission: Current Status



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Ocean SAR altimetry expert group meeting, 26-27th June 2013, National Oceanography Centre, UK.

Global Monitoring for Environment and Securi

Outline



- Sentinel-3 Mission Summary
- Sentinel-3 Topography Mission
- Status of the Mission
- Recent developments

Sentinel-3: Continuity of ENVISAT Land and Ocean Observations

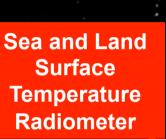


Main satellite characteristics

- 1250 kg maximal mass
- Volume in 3.89 m x 2.202 m x 2.207 m
- Average power consumption of 1100 W
- 7.5 years lifetime (fuel for 5 add. years)
- Large cold face for optical instruments
 thermal control
- Modular accommodation for a simplified management of industrial interfaces
- Launch S3A April 2014
- Launch S3B later



- 21.25 Gb (170 Gbit) of observation data per orbit
- Space to ground data rate 2 x 280 Mbps X-Band
- 1 ground contact per orbit
- 3h delivery timeliness (from satellite sensing)



GPS

Laser retro-

reflector

Microwave

Radiometer

S-band

Antenna



X-band Antenna

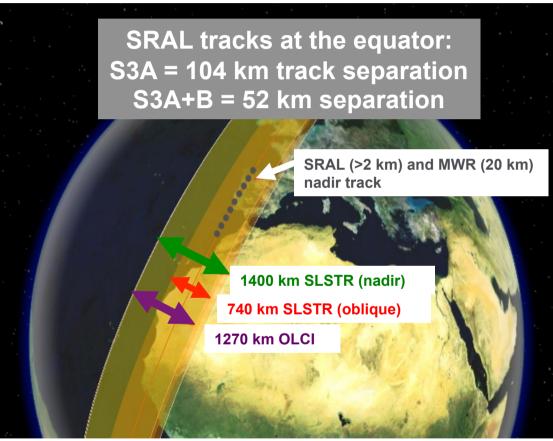
DORIS Antenna

SAR Radar Altimeter

Sentinel-3: Instrument Swath and Satellite Orbit

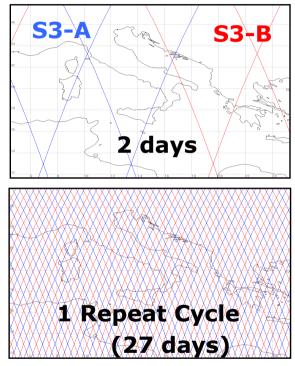


Instrument Swath Patterns



Orbit type	Repeating frozen SSO
Repeat cycle	27 days (14 + 7/27 orbits/day)
LTDN	10:00
Average altitude	815 km
Inclination	98.65 deg

Ground Track Patterns



SRAL orbit drivers:

- Ground track repeatability,
- Dense spatial sampling

Orbit control requirement:

Ground track dead-band ±1km

Sentinel-3 Status: A-Satellite starting instrument integration



- Sentinel-3A platform integration completed
- DORIS and LRR (Laser Retro Reflectors) flight models delivered and being mechanical integrated
- SRAL PFM final tests performed: delivery on 11th of July
- MWR PFM started environmental testing: delivery by end of August
- OLCI and SLSTR instrument being integrated, for a delivery by end of the year
- Instrument integration and testing should be completed by Jan. 2014, allowing start of environmental campaign
- Sentinel-3B Platform under integration: activities completion and delivery to Prime by end of the year



S3A alignment checks before starting with instrument integration

Ref.	Туре	Sentinel-3 Objectives	
S3-OB-1	Primary	 Sentinel-3 shall provide continuity of an ENVISAT type ocean measurement capability for GMES Services with a consistent quality, a very high level of availability (>95%), high accuracy and reliability and in a sustained operational manner for GMES users, including: Ocean, inland sea and coastal zone colour measurements to at least at the level of quality of MERIS on Envisat; Sea surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of the surface temperature measurements to at least at the level of quality of temperature measurements temperature measurements temperature measurements temperature measurements temperature measureme	es esa eumetsat
		 Sea surface topography measurements to at least at the level of quality of the Envisat altimetry system, including an along-track SAR capability of CryoSat heritage for improved measurement quality in coastal zones and over sea ice. 	on ic:
S3-OB-2	Primary	Senunei-3 snall provide continuity of medium resolution ELIVISAI-type land measurement capability in Europe to determine land-surface temperature and land- surface colour with a consistent quality, a very high level of availability (>95%), high accuracy and reliability and in a sustained operational manner for GMES users.	on is:
S3-OB-3	Primary	Sentinel-3 shall provide, in a NRT operational and timely manner, L1b visible, shortwave and thermal infrared radiances and L2 topography products for use by GMES Services with a consistent quality, a very high level of availability (>95%), high accuracy and reliability and in a sustained operational manner for GMES users.)e
S3-OB-4	Primary	 Sentinel-3 shall provide, in a NRT operational and timely manner, a generalised suite of high-level primary geophysical products with a consistent quality, a very high level of availability (>95%), high accuracy and reliability and in a sustained operational manner for GMES users. Products shall include as priority: Global coverage Sea Surface Topography (SSH) for ocean and coastal areas, Enhanced resolution SSH products in the Coastal Zones and sea ice regions, Global coverage Sea-Surface (SST) and sea ice surface temperature (IST), Global coverage Ocean Colour and Water Quality products, Global coverage Significant Wave Height measurements, Global coverage atmospheric aerosol consistent over land and ocean, Global coverage Land Ice/Snow Surface Temperature products, Ice products (e.g., ice surface topography, extent, concentration) 	determine sea, , ice and land surface colour high y delivery and r GMES users.
S3-OB-5	Secondary	Sentinel-3 shall provide continuity of medium resolution SPOT Vegetation P-like products by providing similar products over land and ocean with a consistent quality, a very high level of availability (>95%), high accuracy and reliability and in a sustained operational manner for GMES users.	
S3-OB-6	Secondary	 Sentinel-3 shall provide in an operational and timely manner, a generalised suite of high-level secondary geophysical products with a consistent quality, a very high level of availability (>95%), high accuracy and reliability and in a sustained operational manner for GMES users. Products shall include as priority: Global coverage Fire monitoring products (FRP, burned area, risk maps etc), Inland water (lakes and rivers) surface height data. 	<u>}_MRTD_lss-1_Rev-0-</u>

S3 SAR RADAR Altimeter



Dual frequency Ku/C band Radar Altimeter

- CryoSat and Jason heritage
- High horizontal resolution (~300m in SAR mode)

• SRAL Radar features:

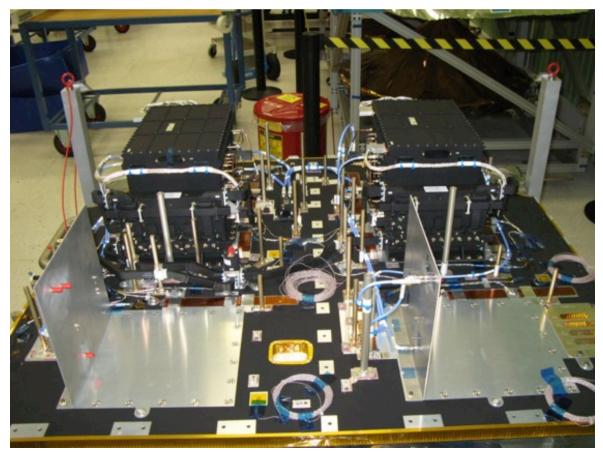
- Ku-Band (13.575 GHz) : main frequency
- C-Band (5.41 GHz) : ionosphere corrections
- Fully redundant electronics
- Measurement modes:
- 2 radar modes:
 - Low Resolution Mode (LRM) and
 - High Resolution SAR mode

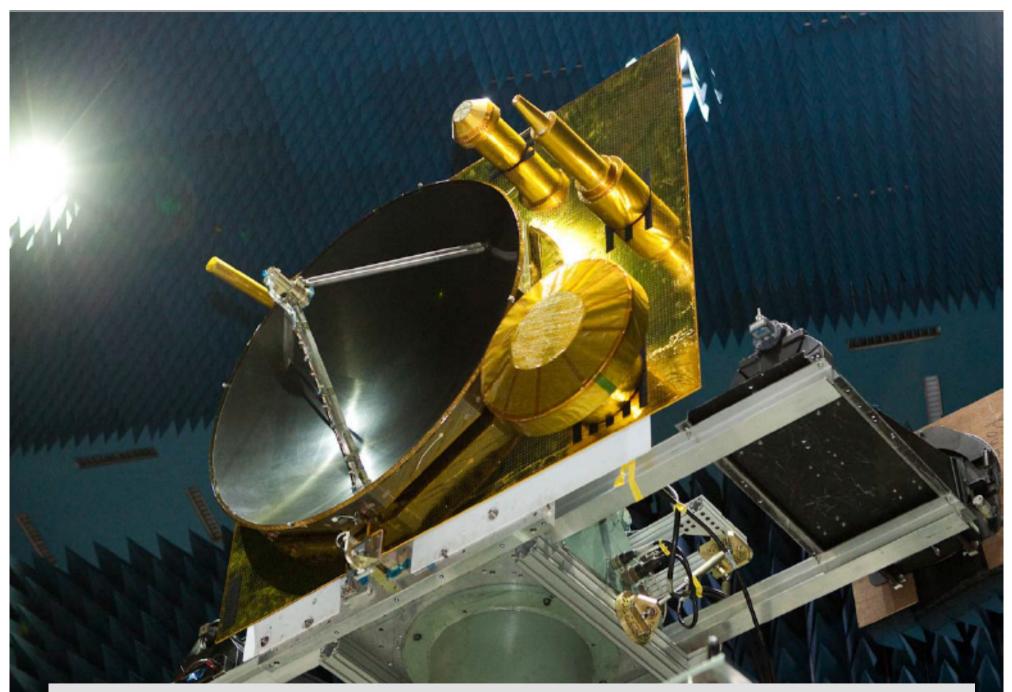
• 2 tracking modes:

- Closed-loop (traditional) and
- Open-loop tracking modes over rough surfaces (DEM onboard)
- Any radar mode can be combined to any tracking mode

Objective: To retrieve orbit altitude information with an end-to-end accuracy of 3 cm (Ocean)

Supported by MWR, GPS, LRR and DORIS

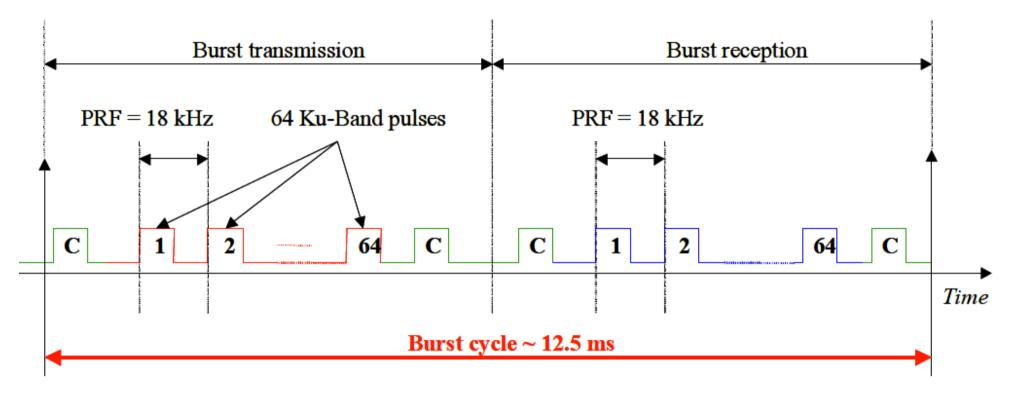




PFM SRAL antenna (without sunshield) during the antenna pattern measurement

SRAL Chronograms

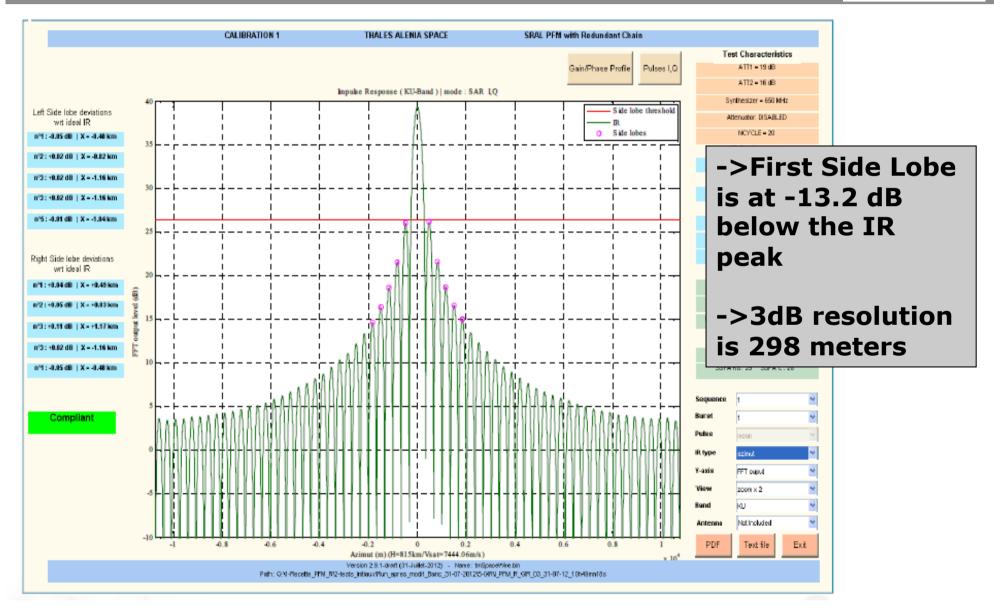




SAR burst pattern 4-burst cycle is ~LRM cycle of 50 ms.

SRAL PFM Instrument Azimuth Impulse Response





S3 SRAL Instrument Status June 2013



- SRAL PFM Instrument Test Campaign now completed
- All Instrument Performances are fully compliant to the Sentinel-3 mission requirements
- All results are in line with the EM Instrument measurements
- The SRAL PFM Instrument will be shipped to Prime by mid-July. The SRAL PFM antenna was sent in advance for its integration on the platform (it will take place early July)
- The SRAL FM Instrument for S3B is progressing nominally



Sentinel-3 STM: PDGS Product List (Current baseline – see later)



	S-3 SRAL Products Levels					
	Product Type	Product Level	Description	Distribution		
	SR_0_SRA	0	ISPs raw data (everything but calibration ISPs)	Internal		
	SR_0_CAL	0	Calibration from SRAL ISPs	Internal		
	SR_1_SRA	1	Echos for LRM and SAR mode	Internal / CalVal user		
	SR_1_CAL	1	Level 1 SRAL calibration parameters	Internal / CalVal user		
3 IVI	SR_2_LAN	2	1-Hz and 20-Hz Ku and C bands parameters (LRM/SAR), waveforms. Over Land	User / CalVal user		
User Products →	SR_2_WAT	2	1-Hz and 20-Hz Ku and C bands parameters (LRM/SAR), waveforms. Over Water	User / CalVal user		
			S-3 MWR Products Levels			
	MW_0_MWR	0	Observation, calibration and monitoring parameters from MWR ISPs	Internal		
	MW_1_MWR	1	Level 1 observation data	Internal / CalVal user		
	GN_0_GNS	0	S-3 GNSS Products Levels	Internal		
	 GN_1_GNS	1	Rinex	Internal / CalVal user		
			S-3 DORIS Products Levels			
	DO_0_DOP	0	Measurements packets including Doppler, datation and test packets	Internal		
	DO_0_NAV	0	Navigation packets including ITRF, geodetic and J2000	Internal		
	DO_1_DOP	1	DORIS Level 1B	Internal / CalVal user		

But also NRT, MOE & POE orbit products

S-3 STM PDGS product list

Sentinels Core Products Volume (Current baseline - see later)



SRAL+MWR Data				
Product Type	Data volume (GByte/orbit)	Data volume per day (GByte)	Data volume per week (GByte)	Data volume per year (TByte)
SR_0_SRA	5.82	82.98	580.87	29.58
MW_0_MWR	0.003	0.04	0.28	0.014
MW_1_MWR	0.003	0.04	0.28	0.014
SR_1_SRA	0.12	1.65	11.54	0.59
SR_2_WAT	0.09	1.31	9.16	0.47
SR_2_LAN	0.07	1.00	7.01	0.36
TOTAL	6.10	87.02	609.13	31.02

S-3 STM Level 2 product volume:

Reduced 0.60 MB / orbit

Standard 40 MB / orbit

Enhanced 160 MB / orbit

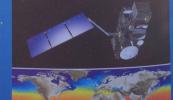
< 1 Tbyte / year for the overall S-3 STM L2 user data set

With inclusion of PLRM



→ SENTINEL-3 CALIBRATION AND VALIDATION PLANNING MEETING





esa



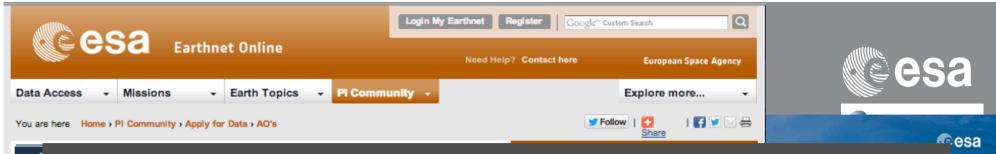
GMES Sentinel-3 Calibration and Validation Planning Meeting

ESA/ESRIN, Frascati, Italy, 20-22nd March 2012 http://congrexprojects.com/12m17

- 22 March 2012 08:17

Sentinel-3 S3VT Selection and Planning Meeting ESTEC, 29th January 2013





Sentinel-3 Validation Team - S3VT - 1st Meeting

ESA/ESRIN, Frascati, Italy 26-29th November 2013





EUMETSAT

http://earth.esa.int/aos/S3VT

Should you need more information about the Sentinel-3 Validation Team Call, you can contact the Sentinel-3 Mission team.

Other information can be found on the ESA Sentinel 3 Website and the ESA Earth Observation Pages

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20-22 March 2012 | ESA-ESRIN | Frascati (Rome), Italy

ON



Recent Developments

SRAL SAR baseline operational scenario and requested modification



Current operational baseline



Note: it is assumed that the LRM shall be kept as a back-up to reduce operational risks and to allow a possible switch to the LRM scenario if necessary

Summary of current position



- MyOcean request to EC for having Sentinel-3 SRAL SAR mode over open ocean, after Cryosat results highlighted considerable, unexpected benefits of this mode for the oceanographic community (Sept, 2012).
- EC request to ESA (Nov. 22, 2012) to analyse new options for the operations of Sentinel 3 with respect to:
 - SRAL SAR operational scenario", to cope with an extended usage of SAR mode for the S3 SRAL instrument up to 100% of Earth coverage;
 - "Requirements for atmosphere monitoring", to add AOD and FRP as operational products
 - Additional option: to make SRAL additional L1 SAR products available to users

CURRENT SITUATION

- ESA preliminary feasibility analysis showed no technical show-stopper for the analysed options
- Programmatic feasibility currently being assessed by the EC together with the GMES Committee (EC proposal to the Committee is to proceed with all the above mentioned options)

S3 full SAR Scenario: technical impact assessment (requested by EC)



ESA analysis includes impact assessment with respect to:

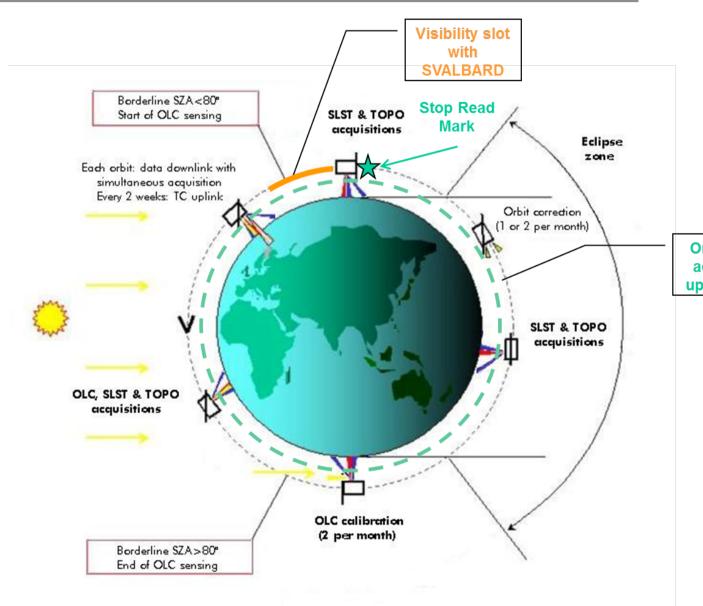
- Space Segment:
 - » Measurement data volume
 - » Measurement data dumping time
 - » Data acquisition and download strategy
 - » Spacecraft Power consumption
 - » Spacecraft Thermal Dissipation
 - » Spacecraft Operations (Impact on the Orbit Position Schedule)
- Ground Segment:
 - » SAR over ocean algorithm evolution
 - » Core GS evolution
 - » New L1 products

Data volumes, dump duration, data acquisition and download strategy (1/3)



Data type	BASE LINE scenario	SRAL 100% scenario
SRAL Data volume / orbit	50 Gb	66.6 Gb
SRAL Dump duration at 520 Mbps	96.14 s	127.84 s
S3 TOTAL Data volume / orbit	172.6 Gb	189.2 Gb
S3 TOTAL Dump duration	332.6 s	364.2 s

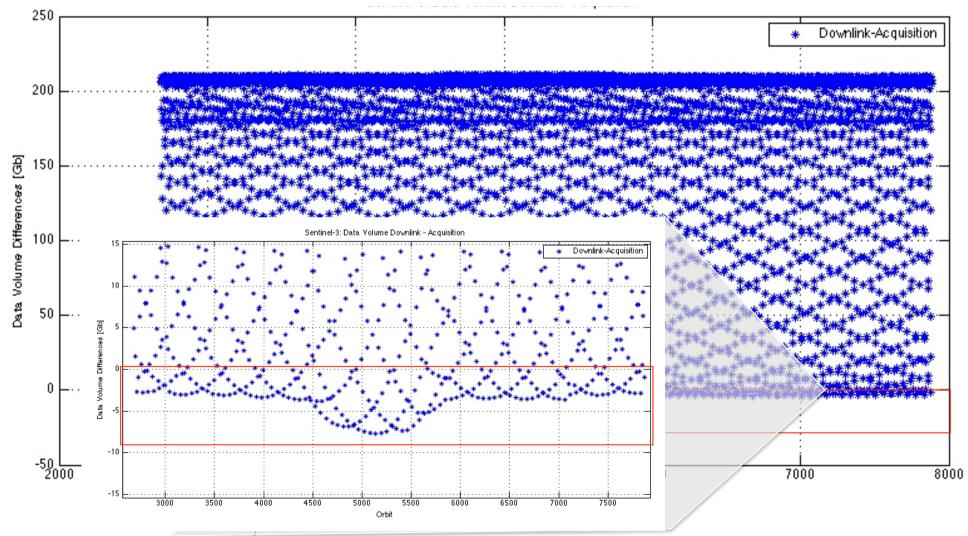
- % net increase: 9.6%
- Dump duration increase at (Svalbard) station: 31.6 sec.



Data volumes, dump duration, data acquisition and download strategy (2/3)



Available downlink data in orbit N+1 versus acquired data throughout a full year



Insufficient Data Downlink Time

Data volumes, dump duration, data acquisition and download strategy (3/3)



Summary impact on data acquisition and download strategy from ESA simulations:

- In some cases the data download cannot be completed in the same pass (worst case: summer, 8Gb/orbit)
- Data download can always be completed at the next overpass (i.e. no data loss, but delay on some orbits)
- A number of possible modifications to the downlink strategy have been identified to mitigate this impact, e.g. re-adjustments to the downlink commands wrt other S3 instruments ISPs. This will need to be validated during the Commissioning Phase.

SAR algorithm evolution and validation



Algorithm evolution and corresponding in-flight characterization and validation would be required with respect to current baseline for coastal areas, in particular for:

- A new Sigma-0 algorithm at Ku band to be used for wind speed computation over ocean (not part of current baseline for coastal areas)
- An extended Sea State Bias correction (to be evaluated for the full ocean).

Recommended 2-stage approach:

- Algorithm definition (in close consultation with GMES user representatives and EC)
- Development, testing and deployment*.

*Note: this shall not impact launch schedule \rightarrow \rightarrow SAR processing will be complemented within the NRT and off-line processing over the course of a ramp-up phase, keeping pseudo-LRM output as back-up solution until fully implemented.

Recommended option



S3 would be the first mission to provide 100% SAR altimetry coverage!!

SAR technology is new and complex $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ Further work required to understand all in-orbit conditions and emerging processing systems. Noting CryoSat experience, ESA considers beneficial that S3 SAR L1 products are made available to the users.

Expected advantages:

- Foster a new generation of SAR altimetry specialists maintaining Europe at the competitive edge
- Enhance maintenance and development of existing and new products over the Earth surface (ocean, ice and land) within GMES
- Enhance uptake, application, and quality control (e.g. transponder calibration) of SRAL SAR data products by the GMES user community
- Possibly reduce large-scale reprocessing efforts (because starting from intermediate L1 products rather than from L0)

New L1 Products (TBC by EC)



- The data identified to become Sentinel-3 operational products are the following:
 - L1A: Unpacked L0 complex echoes that have been sorted ated. Geo-location information is instead of the source of th
 - L1B-S: Geo-located, calibrated azimuth formed complex (I and Q) echoes after slant/Doppler range correction over a fixed point on the ground-track. Relevant ancillary data (e.g. beam angles, calibration information included. There is no averaging effective overting operational users

L1B-S: Science users supporting operational users relevant to geophysical retrieval algorithm developers (over ocean, land and ice surfaces), surface characterisations studies (e.g. impact of sea state bias, wave directional effects etc) and Quality Control systems.

– L1B: Geo-located, calibrated azimuth formed complex (I and Q) echoes after slant/Doppler range comparisonal users (i.e multi-looked/ stacked) over a fit L1B: Operational users for this product is relevant to geophysical retrieval algorithm developers and Quality Control systems.

Extended SAR mode: Conclusions



- <u>Satellite lifetime remains unaffected</u>, as no impacts on consumables budget (fuel, power) are identified.
- <u>No impact on launch schedule expected</u>, assuming full availability of products may occur during a ramp-up phase (algorithm and distribution of L1 products to be agreed)
- Impact on routine operations is considered minor

→ No identified technical "show-stopper" for a 100% SAR Duty Cycle of the Sentinel-3 altimeter.

Summary



- Two Sentinel-3 satellites are being built now to provide operational data streams required by EC GMES Services.
- The Topography Mission is a "state of the art" Mission
- SRAL PFM Instrument Test Campaign now completed
- All Instrument Performances are fully compliant to the Sentinel-3
 mission requirements
- Major analysis has been conducted at ESA to confirm the viability of operating SRAL in SAR mode 100% of the time → No showstoppers
 - The Topography mission baseline is in final review with the EC to change to 100% SAR operations (waiting for a response)
 - New L1a and L1b-S products have been proposed to the EC (waiting for a response)
- S3A will launch at the end of 2014 (earliest) and S3B ~18 months later.

Thank you - any questions?

For more information http://www.esa.int

See Donlon et al (2012) The GMES Sentinel-3 Mission, *Remote Sensing of Environment*, <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2011.07.024</u>

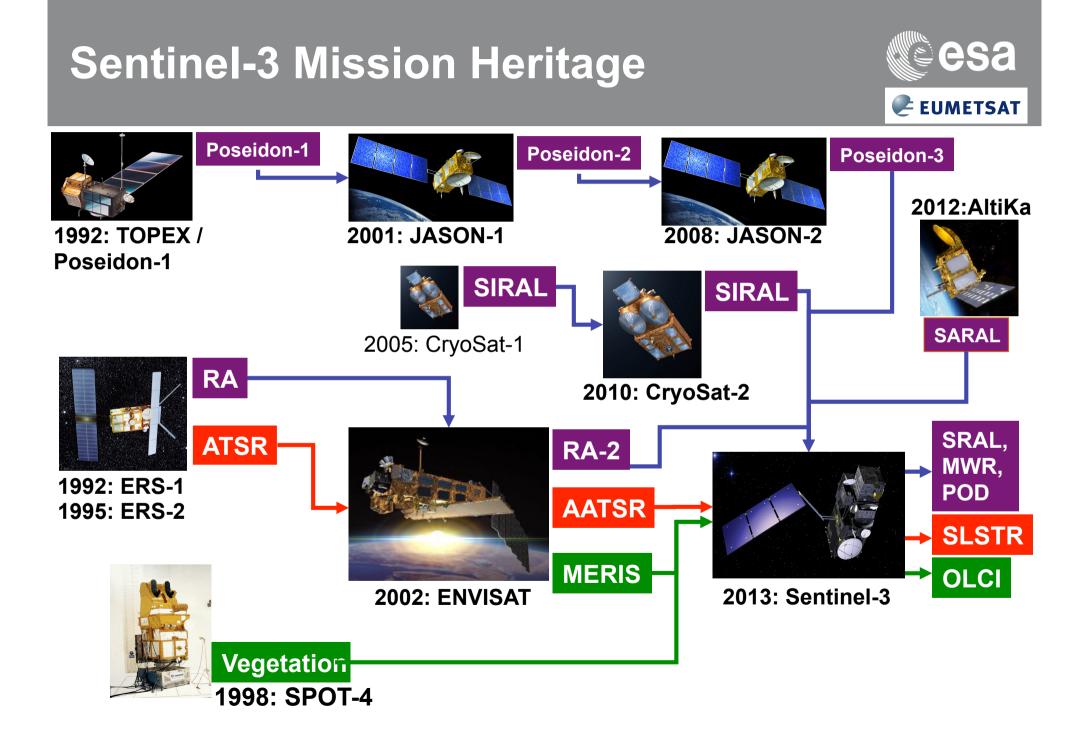
and the Mission Requirements Traceability Document (MRTD) at http://download.esa.int/docs/EarthObservation/GMES_Sentinel-3_MRTD_Iss-1_Rev-0-issued-signed.pdf

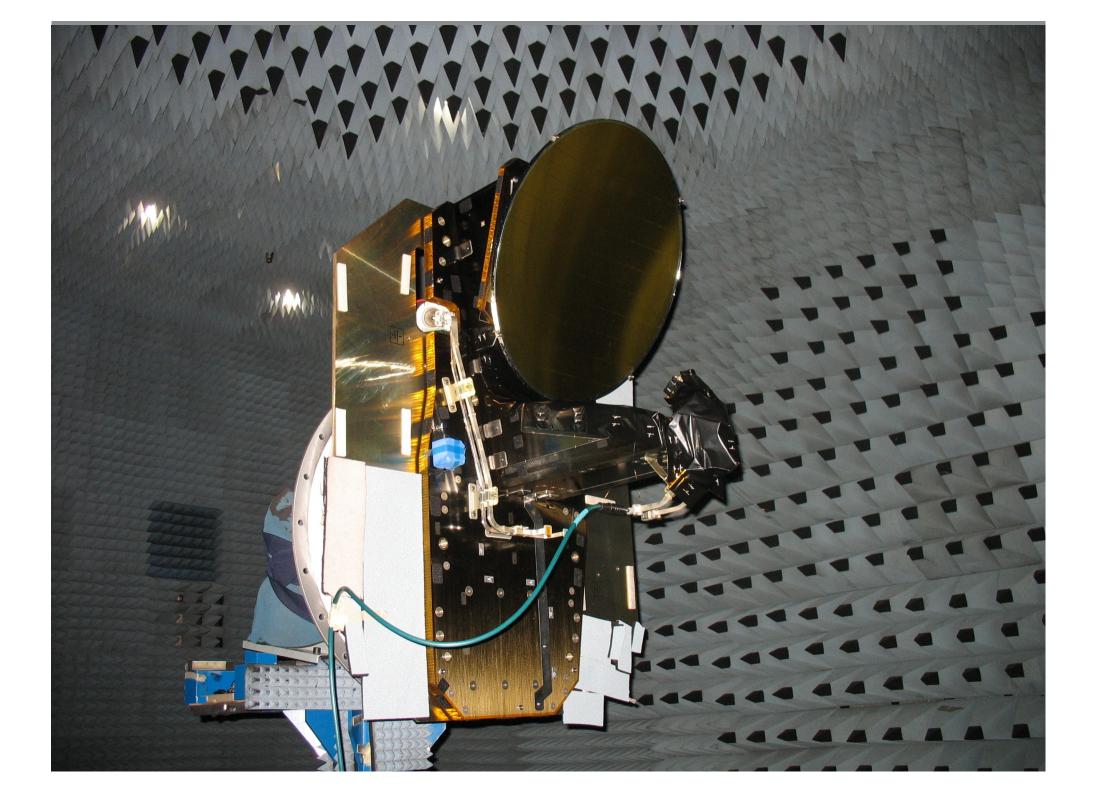
Contact: craig.donlon@esa.int











S3: Precise Orbit Determination (POD)

8 channel GPS receiver (~3m NRT, 2-3cm on ground)

- Satellite Navigation AOCS (on-board permanent function)
- Datation of scientific telemetry (on-board permanent function)
- Control of SRAL open-loop tracking (on-board commanded function)
- POD (on ground)
- USO frequency monitoring (on-ground)

DORIS Navigation receiver (~1 cm)

- Provide USO frequency to SRAL (on-board permanent function)
- Control of SRAL open-loop tracking (on-board commanded function)
- POD (on ground)
- USO frequency monitoring (on-ground)

Laser Retro-Reflector (<2 cm)

Contribution to POD, validation of POD solution

POD radial accuracy requirements (rms)

- Near Real Time (NRT < 3h): 10 cm (8 cm goal)
- Short Time Critical (STC < 48h): 4 cm (3 cm goal)
- Non Time Critical (NTC < 1 month): 3 cm (2 cm goal)









Sentinel-3 SRAL: Open-loop vs Closed-loop echo tracking



Closed Loop Tracking

- ✓ Tracks echoes over most surfaces
- ✓ No priority
 - Land surface tracking instead of water surface
- ✓ Sensitive to echo shape
 - Loss of tracking
- ✓ Acquisition Phase is needed
 - At least 0.5s data gap
- Tried and tested on many altimeter mission

Open Loop Tracking

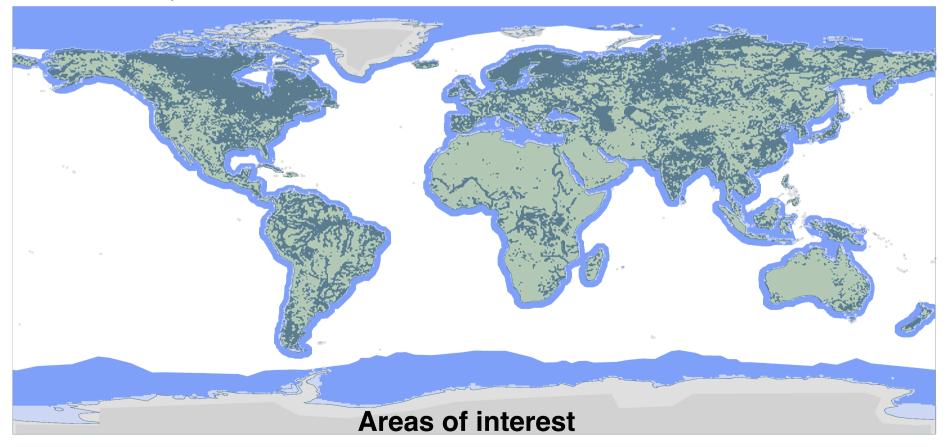
- Needs an accurate coding of surface elevation (accurate DEM, 1km) and Open Loop Tracking Commands
- ✓ If a point of the surface is not properly coded in the OLTC, the echo is lost (no echo received on board)
- ✓ Water Surface can be prioritized even over land surfaces
- Altimeter always in tracking mode (+ for coastal area, sloppy terrain, and small Inland Water)
- New approach with limited experience (Jason-2)

Sentinel-3 SRAL: Open-loop Tracking Commands (OLTC)



OLTC is generated by ESA/CNES using a tool developed by CNES for Jason-2 and adapted for Sentinel-3.

A table stored on-board the SRAL, containing surface elevation information along the satellite track for the complete cycle (385 orbits), angular sampling: 0.01 degree (i.e. about 1 km)



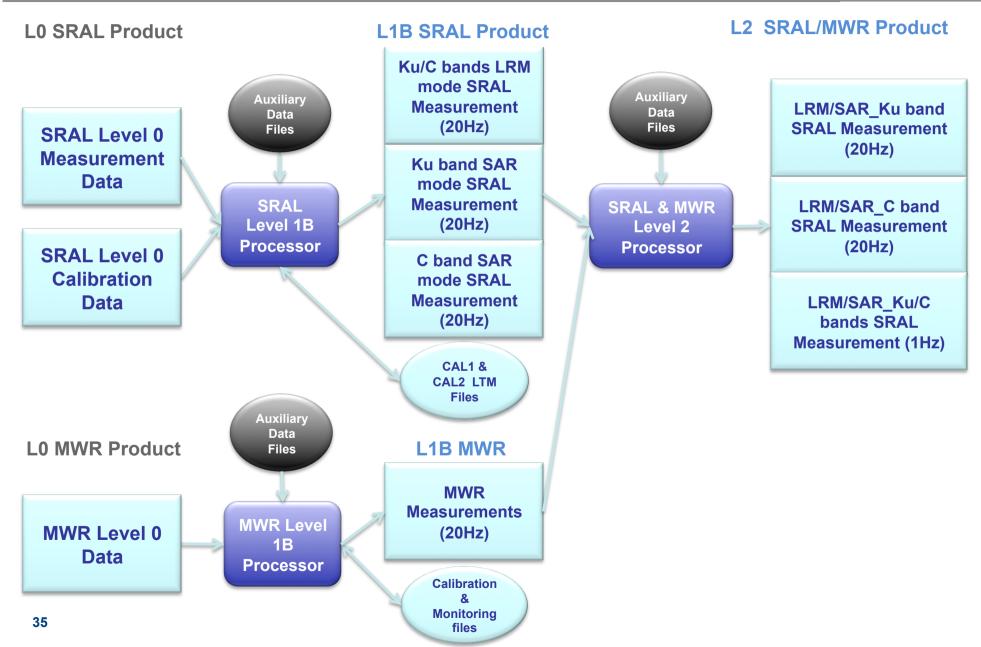
Sentinel -3 STM: Algorithms & Products Content



- ✓ Algorithm heritage from ERS-1, T/P, ERS-2, Jason-1, Envisat, Cryosat, Jason-2
- ✓ Retrackers run in parallel in LRM and SAR mode
 - MLE4 → Ocean LRM mode (OCE_01) → Ku/C bands
 - SAMOSA → Ocean SAR mode (OCE_02) → Ku band
 - MLE4 \rightarrow PLRM mode \rightarrow Ku/C bands
 - OCOG \rightarrow Ice LRM/SAR mode (ICE_01) \rightarrow Ku/C bands
 - MLE4 → Ice Sheet LRM mode (ICE_04) → Ku/C bands
 - Ice-margin SAR mode (ICE_05) → Ku band
 - Ice (erf) LRM \rightarrow (ICE_02) \rightarrow Ku/C bands
 - Sea-ice SAR mode \rightarrow (ICE_03) \rightarrow Ku band
- ✓ Standard geophysical corrections/fields + ...
 - Sea-ice freeboard, new coastal composite and open ocean (using SST) wet tropospheric corrections, distance to the coast, enhanced 6-states sea-ice flag, continental ice classification, 6-states rain flag, ...
- State-of-the-art SAD & DAD files harmonized (where possible) with other operation
 - 2D & 30 FORWE DELOS FOR WEL AND DO NOT HODEL COLLECTIONS 2 MODIFICION BASELINE
 - 2D & 3 DECIMAR HEIDS for wet and dry model corrections, 2 MSS (CLSTT, DTO-TO), MDT, ... 34

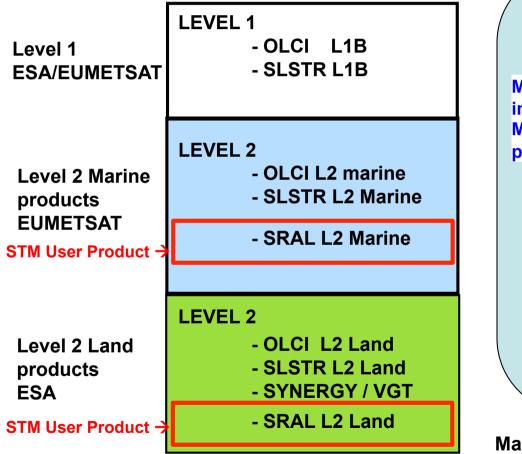
Sentinel-3 STM: L1B & L2 Processing Overview



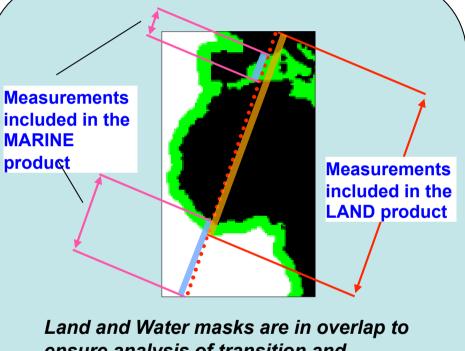


Sentinel-3 PDGS: L1B & L2 Land / Marine Production





S-3 STM L2 production organisation



ensure analysis of transition and meaningful continuity of segments 300Km over ocean – few km over land

Marine product: information sensed over open ocean, coastal areas, sea-ice + mask margin

Land product: information sensed over land, coastal areas, land ice and inland water + mask margin

Sentinel-3 STM: Products Types (Baseline)



SAT

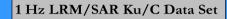
1 Hz LRM/SAR Ku/C Data Set

Sub-set of 1Hz Ku/C band parameters from SRAL measurements performed in LRM/SAR Modes

"Reduced" Measurement Data File

"Reduced" Measurement Data File

 \rightarrow 1Hz



1Hz Ku/C band parameters from SRAL measurements performed in LRM/SAR Modes

20 Hz LRM/SAR_C Data Set

20Hz C band parameters from SRAL measurements performed in LRM/SAR Modes

20 Hz LRM/SAR_Ku Data Set

20Hz Ku band parameters from SRAL measurements performed in LRM/SAR Modes

"Standard" Measurement Data File

"Standard" Measurement Data File

→ 1Hz + 20 Hz

 \rightarrow 1Hz + 20 Hz + WF

1 Hz LRM/SAR Ku/C Data Set

1Hz Ku/C band parameters from SRAL measurements performed in LRM/SAR Modes

PLRM Ku/C band measurement

20 Hz LRM/SAR_C Data Set

20Hz C band parameters from SRAL measurements performed in LRM/SAR Modes

PLRM Ku/C band measurement

20 Hz LRM/SAR_Ku Data Set

20Hz Ku band parameters from SRAL measurements performed in LRM/SAR Modes

Waveforms

waveforms and associated parameters to reprocess the data

PLRM waveforms

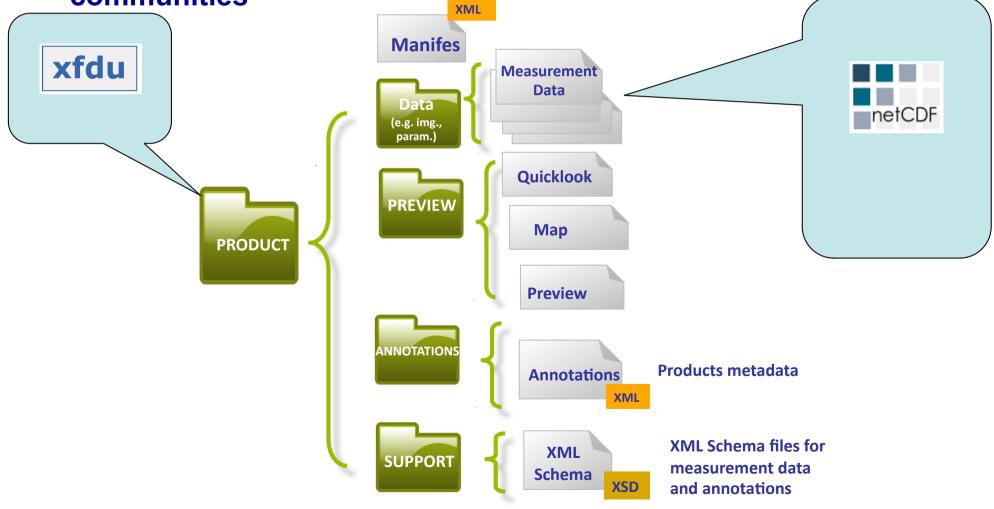
"Enhanced" Measurement Data File

"Enhanced" Measurement Data File

Sentinel Core Product Format



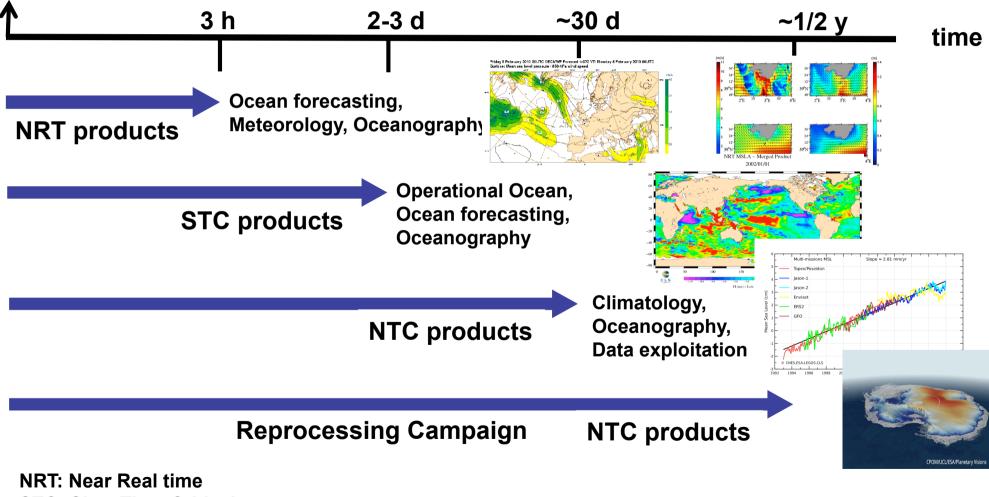
A unique packaging concept adapted to the different missions user communities



Sentinel-3 STM: Products Timeliness



T0 Sensing time



STC: Slow Time Critical NTC: Non time Critical

S3 PDGS Data volume (uncompressed)



	Level 0 GB/Orbit	Level 1 GB/ Orbit	Level 2 Marine GB/Orbit	Level 2 Land GB/ Orbit
OLCI	9.5	29.6	35.5	7.8
SLSTR	4.8	45.6	5.8	2.8
SYN (OLCI +SLTSR)		55.8		31.2
SRAL + MWR	5.8	0.12	0.09	0.07
Total (GB/ orbit)	20.1	131.12	41.39	41.87

	Level 0			Level 1		Level 2 Marine			Level 2 Land			
	GB/Orbit	GB/Day	TB/Year	GB/Orbit	GB/Day	TB/Year	GB/Orbit	GB/Day	TB/Year	GB/Orbit	GB/Day	TB/Year
OLCI	9.47	134.98	48.11	29.60	422.07	150.45	35.50	506.20	180.43	7.82	111.51	39.75
SLSTR	4.80	68.40	24.38	45.60	650.22	231.77	5.80	82.65	29.46	2.81	40.11	14.30
SYN (OLCI+SLSTR)	0	0	0	55.80	795.67	283.61	0	C	0	31.21	452.70	161.64
SRAL	5.82	82.98	29.58	0.12	1.65	0.59	0.09	1.31	0.47	0.07	1.00	0.36
MWR	0.003	0.039	0.014	0.003	0.039	0.014	0	0	0	0	0	0
GNSS/DORIS	0.03	0.39	0.14	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0
NavAtt	0.001	0.010	0.004	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0
нктм	0.044	0.631	0.225	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	20.16	287.43	102.45	131.12	1,869.65	666.43	41.39	590.16	210.36	41.91	605.32	216.04
ſ	GB/Orbit	GB/Day	TB/Year	GB/Orbit	GB/Day	TB/Year	GB/Orbit	GB/Day	TB/Year	GB/Orbit	GB/Day	TB/Year

Conclusion: Sentinel-3 STM Core Products: Implementation Plans and Status



- Altimetry core products Processing Baseline V1 completed
- V2 processing baseline to be delivered by end October 2012, which includes:
 - → SAMOSA ocean SAR Ku retracker
 - → Pseudo-LRM SAR Ku & C processing (RDSAR)
 - → Addition/Update of SAD files
- SAR Ocean processing baseline NOT complete (missing: SRAL SAR Ku Sigma0, SAR SSB correction)
- Operational processors development successfully kicked-off in Q2 2012
- Intended alignment of the Envisat Altimetry processing chain (content & format)

ESA's Earth Observation data *Respective data policies*



-	ERS ar	Sentinel Data Policy	
		Full and open access to Sentinel data to all users	th
TRAD	Earth I	<i>In practical terms</i>Anybody has the right to access acquired	
	Sentin	 Sentinel data Licenses for the Sentinel data are free of charge However the funding for the actual access in routine phase is under discussion with EU 	./
	(to GMI	uting missions ES) and arty Missions	I

Sentinel-3 Validation Team (S3VT)

- The purpose of the S3VT is:
 - "To engage world-class expertise and activities, through mutual benefit collaboration, that support the implementation of the Sentinel-3 validation activities and ensure the best possible outcomes for the Sentinel-3 Mission"
- Validation is the process of assessing, by independent means, the quality of the data products derived from the system outputs

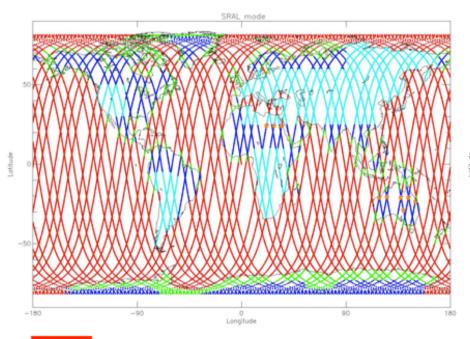


SRAL Mode Mask (Early 2012)



SAR "Ocean" Mission Scenario (TBC)

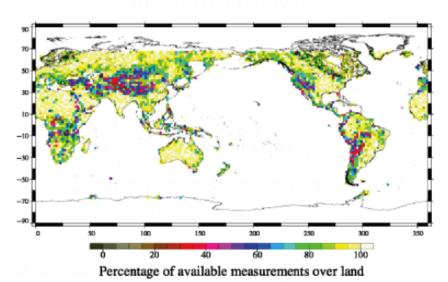
- Maximizes the use of SAR capability over the ocean surface
- LRM over land (established)
- Urgently needs more verification using Cryosat
- This is NOT the Operational Baseline



SAR Closed Loop SAR Open Loop LRM Closed Loop LRM Open Loop

SAR "Land" Mission Scenario

- Maximizes the use of SAR capability over the Land surface (unproven)
- SAR mode in coastal zones and EU Seas only
- LRM over open ocean
- This is assumed as the Operational Baseline
 Jason-2



JASON-2 altimeter tracking is less efficient in sloping terrain – potentially worse for S3 SAR mode as we have less echoes

Summary of identified impacts



Parameter	Impact (Negligible/Not Negligible/Important/Dramatic)
Measurement data volume	Not negligible (~10% volume increase)
Measurement data dumping time	Not negligible (~10% increase)
	Space Segment
On-board memory	Negligible (volume increase absorbed within margins)
Mission data download management	Not negligible for some orbits (recovery strategies identified to be validated during commissioning)
Spacecraft Power consumption	Negligible (<3W)
Spacecraft Thermal Dissipation	Acceptable (the RFU temperature stays in the [0-35°] design range)
Spacecraft Operations (Orbit Position Schedule)	Negligible (slightly positive in reduced OPS transitions)
	Ground Segment
Core GS evolution	Not negligible: additional SW/HW to be deployed in the Centres (i.e. Core Station, PACs, EUMETSAT), IPFs integration, revised mission planning strategy
Algorithm evolution and validation	Not negligible: algorithm evolution/implementation, incl. validation tests